## db ETC Plc

Directors' report and audited financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2014

Registered number 103781

## db ETC Plc

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#### Directors' and other information

Directors Elian Corporate Director 3 Limited (Formerly Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 3 Limited)

Elian Corporate Director 4 Limited (Formerly Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 4 Limited)

Carl McConnell (appointed on 18 July 2014) Peter Becker (resigned on 18 July 2014)

Registered Office St Paul's Gate

New Street St Helier Jersey JE4 8ZB Channel Islands

Administrator, Determination Agent &

**Company Secretary** 

Deutsche International Corporate Services Limited

St Paul's Gate New Street St Helier Jersey JE4 8ZB Channel Islands

Authorised Participant, Arranger, Issuing and Paying Agent, Programme Counterparty, Custodian and Metal Agent Deutsche Bank AG London Branch Winchester House 1 Great Winchester Street London EC2N 2DB

United Kingdom

Note Trustee Company Limited

Winchester House 1 Great Winchester Street London EC2N 2DB United Kingdom

Independent Auditor KPMG Channel Islands Limited

Chartered Accountants and Recognized Auditor

37 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 8WQ Channel Islands

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#### Directors' report

The directors present the annual report and audited financial statements of db ETC Plc (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### Principal activities and business review

The Company was incorporated on 6 August 2009 as a public limited company in Jersey under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 with company number 103781.

The principal activity of the Company, under the Secured ETC Precious Metal Securities Programme (the "Programme"), is to issue from time to time Series of secured precious metal linked securities ("ETC Securities"), where recourse in respect of each Series is limited to the proceeds of enforcement of the security over each respective Series' assets.

With respect to each Series (each a "Series") of ETC Securities, the Company's main assets are its holdings of underlying metal and its interests under the related Balancing Agreement. The obligations of the Company under the ETC Securities of a Series will be secured in favour of the Trustee by an assignment by way of security of all the Company's rights, title, interest and benefit present and future against the Secured Account Custodian, the Subscription Account Custodian and any Sub-Custodian relating to the underlying metal in respect of this Series of ETC Securities.

The net proceeds from the issue of a Series of ETC Securities are used to purchase an amount of unallocated metal which, in accordance with the Custody Agreement for secured accounts will, to the extent possible, be allocated to physical metal bars or other metal shapes and be held in the secured allocated account. Any remaining metal is held in the secured unallocated account. Such underlying metal is used to meet the Company's obligations under the relevant Series of ETC Securities and the relevant Balancing Agreement.

General information regarding the Company is further described in note 1 of the financial statements.

The ETC Securities are listed on various exchanges, including London, Switzerland, Milan and Frankfurt.

#### Key performance indicators

The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (the "SPV") and its principal activity is the issue of secured precious metal linked securities. The best benchmark is the price of the relevant metal in which the proceeds of the ETC Securities are invested in. For all Series, the performance closely followed the movement in the metal linked to the Series.

The directors confirm that the key performance indicators as disclosed below, are those that are used to assess the performance of the Company.

### During the year:

- the Company made no profit (2013: EUR Nil);
- the net gain on inventories amounted to EUR 86,919,946 (2013: net loss of EUR 727,757,975) as disclosed in note 4;
- the net loss from financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss amounted to EUR 86,919,946 (2013: net gain of EUR 727,965,832) as disclosed in note 5:
- there were new subscriptions in the following existing Series of ETC Securities:
  - Series 1 db Physical Gold ETC
  - Series 2 db Physical Gold Euro Hedged ETC
  - Series 3 db Physical Silver ETC
  - Series 4 db Physical Silver Euro Hedged ETC
  - Series 5 db Physical Platinum ETC
  - Series 6 db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC
  - Series 7 db Physical Palladium ETC
  - Series 8 db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC
  - Series 9 db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)
    Series 10 db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)
  - Series 11 db Physical Rhodium ETC
  - Series 12 db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)

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#### Directors' report (continued)

#### Key performance indicators (continued)

the following Series of ETC Securities were partially redeemed:

Series 1 db Physical Gold ETC

Series 2 db Physical Gold Euro Hedged ETC

Series 3 db Physical Silver ETC

Series 4 db Physical Silver Euro Hedged ETC

Series 5 db Physical Platinum ETC

Series 6 db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC

Series 7 db Physical Palladium ETC

Series 8 db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC

Series 9 db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)
Series 10 db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)

Series 11 db Physical Rhodium ETC

Series 12 db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)
Series 13 db Physical Gold GBP Hedged ETC

• the structure performed in accordance with the parameters set out in the multi-issuance programme and the performance is considered satisfactory.

#### As at 31 December 2014:

- the Company's total ETC Securities issued had a fair value of EUR 1,655,948,151 (2013: EUR 1,594,872,060) as disclosed in note 12;
- the Company has invested in inventories with a fair value of EUR 1,655,948,151 (2013: EUR 1,594,872,060) as disclosed in note 11;
- the net assets of the Company were EUR 30,002 (2013: EUR 30,002);
- the Company had invested in inventories in each of the following Series:

Series	Description	Maturity date	Ccy	Nominal
1	Gold	15-Jun-60	USD	519,403
2	Gold	15-Jun-60	EUR	544,765
3	Silver	15-Jun-60	USD	2,752,038
4	Silver	15-Jun-60	EUR	5,426,095
5	Platinum	15-Jun-60	USD	47,493
6	Platinum	15-Jun-60	EUR	25,857
7	Palladium	15-Jun-60	USD	77,108
8	Palladium	15-Jun-60	EUR	37,108
9	Gold	15-Jun-60	EUR	290,308
10	Silver	15-Jun-60	EUR	4,027,339
11	Rhodium	19-May-61	USD	79,680
12	Rhodium	19-May-61	EUR	28,262
13	Gold	19-May-61	GBP	13,614
14	Silver	19-May-61	GBP	133,771
16	Gold	05-Dec-62	CHF	2,520
				,

the Company had the following ETC Securities in issue:

Series	Description	Maturity date	Ссу	Nominal
_				(in units)
1	db Physical Gold ETC	15-Jun-60	USD	5,230,000
2	db Physical Gold Euro Hedged ETC	15-Jun-60	EUR	4,815,000
3	db Physical Silver ETC	15-Jun-60	USD	275,000
4	db Physical Silver Euro Hedged ETC	15-Jun-60	EUR	520,000
5	db Physical Platinum ETC	15-Jun-60	USD	475,000
6	db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC	15-Jun-60	EUR	255,000
7	db Physical Palladium ETC	15-Jun-60	USD	775,000
8	db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC	15-Jun-60	EUR	380,000
9	db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)	15-Jun-60	EUR	2,905,000
10	db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)	15-Jun-60	EUR	405,000
11	db Physical Rhodium ETC	19-May-61	USD	809,000
12	db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)	19-May-61	EUR	285,000

#### Directors' report (continued)

#### Key performance indicators (continued)

the Company had the following ETC Securities in issue (continued):

Series	Description	Maturity date	Ccy	Nominal (in
				units)
13	db Physical Gold GBP Hedged ETC	19-May-61	GBP	1,335,000
14	db Physical Silver GBP Hedged ETC	19-May-61	GBP	135,000
16	db Physical Gold CHF Hedged ETC	05-Dec-62	CHF	25,000

#### **Future developments**

The directors expect that the present level of activity will be sustained for the foreseeable future. The Board will continue to seek new opportunities for the Company and will continue to ensure proper management of the current portfolio of Series of the Company.

#### Going concern

The Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014 have been prepared on a going concern basis. Each asset is referenced to a specific Series of ETC Securities and any loss derived from the asset will be ultimately borne by the relevant ETC securities holders. The directors anticipate that assets will continue to generate enough cash flows on an ongoing basis to meet the financial liabilities as they fall due. The ETC Securities in issue as at 31 December 2014 have final maturities ranging from 2060 to 2062. The directors do not foresee any material redemptions in the next 12 months that would trigger going concern issues.

#### Business risks and principal uncertainties

The Company is subject to various risks. The key risks facing the Company relate to their use of financial instruments and other risks (i.e market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational risk) arising from the inventory which are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

#### Results and dividends for the year

The results for the year are set out on page 8. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2013: Nil).

#### Directors, secretary and their interests

None of the directors or the secretary who held office on 31 December 2014 held any shares or ETC securities in the Company at that date, or during the year. There were no contracts of any significance in relation to the business of the Company in which the directors had any interest. As disclosed in note 18, Related Party Transactions, Carl McConnell, acting as director for the Company is an employee of Deutsche Bank International Limited who provide administrative services to the Company through their subsidiary, Deutsche International Corporate Services Limited. See note 18 for full details of the relationships entered into between the Company and the Deutsche Bank Group.

On 18 July 2014, Peter Becker resigned as director and on the same date, Carl McConnell was appointed as director. There has been no other changes in directors, secretary and registered office during the year.

#### Shares and shareholders

The authorised share capital of the Company is GBP 10,000 divided into 10,000 Limited shares of GBP 1 each (the "Shares") of which 2 are issued and fully paid and are directly held by Elian Nominees (Jersey) Limited and Naile Nominees (Jersey) Limited (the "Share Trustees") under the terms of a declaration of trust (the "Declaration of Trust") under which the Share Trustees hold the benefit of the shares on trust for charitable purposes. There are no other rights that pertain to the shares and the shareholders.

#### Subsequent events

Significant events that require disclosure to the financial statement since the year end and up to the date of approving this report have been disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

## Independent auditor

In accordance with Jersey Company Law, KPMG Channel Islands Limited, Chartered Accountants and Recognized Auditor will continue in office.

On behalf of the board

Carl McConnell

Director Carl
Date: 28.09.15

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements, in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as adopted by the European Union ("EU").

Company law requires the directors to prepare the financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also required by the Transparency (Directive 2004/109/EC) Regulation 2007 to include a Directors' Report containing a fair review of the business and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company.

The directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements;
- the financial Statements, prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU, give a true and fair view, of the state of the financial position and of its profit or loss of the Company for the year then ended; and
- the Directors' report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

On behalf of the board

Director

Date: 28.04.15

Carl McConnell

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**KPMG Channel Islands Limited** 

37 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 8WQ Channel Islands

# Independent auditor's report to the members of db ETC Plc

We have audited the financial statements of db ETC Plc ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.



**KPMG Channel Islands Limited** 

37 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 8WQ Channel Islands

# Independent auditor's report to the members of db ETC Plc – continued

## **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Steven Hunt

for and on behalf of KPMG Channel Islands Limited Chartered Accountants and Recognized Auditor

**29** April 2015

- The maintenance and integrity of db ETC Plc's website is the responsibility of the directors; the work
  carried out by auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and accordingly, the auditors
  accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements or our
  audit report since they were initially presented on the website.
- Legislation in Jersey governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions. The directors shall remain responsible for establishing and controlling the process for doing so, and for ensuring that the financial statements are complete and unaltered in any way.

## Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	Year ended 31-Dec-14 EUR	Year ended 31-Dec-13 EUR
Net fair value gain/(loss) on inventories Net fair value (loss)/gain on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or	4	86,919,946	(727,757,975)
loss	5	(86,919,946)	727,965,832
Operating results		-	207,857
Other income	6	-	-
Other expenses	7	-	(207,857)
Operating profit before taxation		-	-
Taxation	8		<u>.</u>
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		•	

# Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2014

	Notes	31-Dec-14 EUR	31-Dec-13 EUR
Assets		2	2
Cash and cash equivalents	9	2	20,000
Other receivables	10	30,000	30,000
Inventories held at fair value	11	1,655,948,151	1,594,872,060
Total assets		1,655,978,153	1,594,902,062
Liabilities and equity			
Liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	1,655,948,151	1,594,872,060
Total liabilities		1,655,948,151	1,594,872,060
Equity			
Share capital - equity	13	2	2
Retained earnings		30,000	30,000
Total equity		30,002	30,002
Total liabilities and equity		1,655,978,153	1,594,902,062

The financial statements on pages 8 to 25 were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 28 2015.

On behalf of the board

Director

Date: 28.94.15

## Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2014

Dalaman at 1 January 2012	Share capital EUR 2	Retained earnings EUR 30,000	Total equity EUR 30,002
Balance as at 1 January 2013			
Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		•	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	
Balance as at 31 December 2013	2	30,000	30,002
Balance as at 1 January 2014	2	30,000	30,002
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	<u>-</u>
Profit for the year  Total comprehensive income for the year	•	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2014	2	30,000	30,002

## Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 December 2014		Year ended 31-Dec-14	Year ended 31-Dec-13
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Cash flows from operating activities Profit before taxation		•	-
Adjustments for:			
Net fair value (gain)/loss on inventories	4	(86,919,946)	727,757,975
Net fair value loss/(gain) on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	5	86,919,946	(727,965,832)
Net cash used in operating activities		-	(207,857)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of inventories	11	(612,892,882)	(923,875,368)
Proceeds from disposal of inventories	11	638,736,737	1,054,625,764
Net cash generated from investing activities		25,843,855	130,750,396
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	612,892,882	923,875,368
Redemption of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	12	(638,736,737)	(1,054,417,907)
Net cash used in financing activities		(25,843,855)	(130,542,539)
Movement in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at start of the year		2	2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	9	2	2

#### 1 General information

The Company was incorporated on 6 August 2009 as a public limited company in Jersey under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991, as amended, with company number 103781.

The principal activity of the Company, under the Secured ETC Precious Metal Securities Programme (the "Programme"), is to issue from time to time Series of secured precious metal linked securities ("ETC Securities"), where recourse in respect of each Series is limited to the proceeds of enforcement of the security over the respective Series' assets.

The ETC Securities are listed on various exchanges, including London, Switzerland, Milan and Frankfurt.

#### 2 Basis of preparation

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRS") and in accordance with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014; the comparative information for the year ended 31 December 2013 presented in these financial statements has been prepared using the same accounting policies.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as disclosed in the Directors' report.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the Statement of financial position:

- Inventories held at fair value are measured at fair value; and
- Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

The method used to measure fair values are discussed further in note 3(f, g) and 16.

## (c) Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The Company does not have an investment strategy limited to one currency, as such the currency of the assets held and Notes in issue is expected to change periodically as a result of investor demand. The directors believe that the functional and the presentation currency should be EUR, in line with prior year, as EUR is the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the transactions, events and conditions of the Company's underlying operations.

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Details of material judgements and estimates have been further described in accounting policy 3(f) "Inventories", 3(g) "Financial instruments" and note 16 "Fair Values" to the financial statements.

#### (e) Changes in accounting standards

Applicable new standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2014 and not early adopted

(i) IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, specifies how an entity should classify and measure financial assets and liabilities, including some hybrid contracts. The standard improves and simplifies the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of IAS 39. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged. The standard applies a consistent approach to classifying financial assets and replaces the numerous categories of financial assets in IAS 39, each of which had its own classification criteria. The standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial position or performance, as it is expected that the Company will continue to classify its financial assets and financial liabilities as being at fair value through profit or loss, IFRS 9 has yet to be endorsed by the European Union.

#### 2 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### (e) Changes in accounting standards (continued)

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective that will have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Gains and losses arising on retranslation of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and inventory held at fair value are included in the Statement of comprehensive income together with fair value gains and losses as noted below.

## (b) Net fair value gain/(loss) on inventories

Net fair value gain/(loss) on inventories relates to the movement in the prices of metals and includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences. Any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the inventories are recorded in the Statement of comprehensive income. Details of recognition and measurement of inventories are disclosed in the accounting policy for inventories (note 3(f)).

## (c) Net fair value (loss)/gain on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Net fair value (loss)/gain on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss relates to ETC Securities issued and includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences. Any gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in the Statement of comprehensive income. Details of recognition and measurement of financial liabilities are disclosed in the accounting policy of financial instruments (note 3(g)).

#### (d) Other income

Other income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income when the right to receive income is established, on an accruals basis.

## (e) Other expenses

Most of the Company's expenses are paid by the Arranger, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch and as such, are not reflected in these financial statements. Expenses that are paid directly from the inventories held by the Company are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. See note 7 for further disclosure.

## (f) Inventories

The directors believe that the Company effectively acts as commodity trader as defined in IAS 2, "Inventories" for each of the ETC Security holders. Therefore, inventories are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement".

#### Valuation of inventories

The gold is recorded at fair value using the AM fix on 31 December 2014 quoted by the London Bullion Market Association. The AM fix on 31 December 2014 was used to value the gold as this was the last fix price available from the London Bullion Market Association for the year.

The silver is recorded at fair value using the fix on 31 December 2014 quoted by the London Bullion Market Association. The fix on 31 December 2014 was used to value the silver as this was the last fix price available from the London Bullion Market Association for the year.

The platinum is recorded at fair value using the AM fix on 31 December 2014 quoted by the London Platinum and Palladium Market. The AM fix on 31 December 2014 was used to value the platinum as this was the last available fix price available from the London Platinum and Palladium Market for the year.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

## (f) Inventories (continued)

The palladium is recorded at fair value using the AM fix on 31 December 2014 quoted by the London Platinum and Palladium Market. The AM fix on 31 December 2014 was used to value the palladium as this was the last available fix price available from the London Platinum and Palladium Market for the year.

The rhodium is recorded at fair value using the fix on 31 December 2014 quoted by Comdaq. The fix on 31 December 2014 was used to value the rhodium as this was the last fix price available from the Comdaq for the year.

The metal prices derived from the above sources are then adjusted for product fees charged at 0.29% to 0.95% per annum of metal entitlement and any purchase or sale transactions between the Observation Date (as defined in the Master Balancing Terms) and the year end date. The product fees are accrued on a daily basis.

The valuation of inventories in the statement of financial position is calculated after taking account of adjustments to the Company's metal entitlement arising from the accrual of product fees and other rebalancing adjustments, consistent with the Balancing Agreements which are in place for each Series.

#### (g) Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised initially at the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the date they are originated.

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

#### Classification

The Company has classified financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Designated at fair value through profit or loss – ETC Securities issued

#### Financial assets at amortised cost:

Cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest rate method or any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

#### Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability. The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Company measures financial instruments which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss at their fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised directly in the Statement of comprehensive income. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

## Fair value measurement principles

Quoted prices are available on recognised stock exchanges for the financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. However, the directors have determined that prices calculated by the Determination Agent, Deutsche International Corporate Services (Ireland) Limited should be used as a measurement basis at 31 December 2014 and 2013 as these prices most accurately reflect the obligations of the Company under the terms of the Series Issue Deeds.

The prices are calculated using the spot price of the relevant underlying metal adjusted for product fees. The product fees range from 0.29% to 0.95% per annum and are accrued on a daily basis by reducing the metal entitlement of each ETC Security.

#### 3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

## (g) Financial instruments (continued)

Identification and measurement of impairment

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets measured at amortised cost are impaired. A financial asset is impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the assets, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the assets that can be estimated reliably.

When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment is reversed through the Statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment losses on assets carried at amortised cost are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss in the Statement of comprehensive income. The Company writes off financial assets carried at amortised cost when they are determined to be uncollectible.

#### (h) Other receivables

Other receivables are accounted for at amortised cost.

#### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash held at banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of less than three months at acquisition, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Company in the management of its short term commitments.

#### (j) Other payables

Other payables are accounted for at amortised cost.

## (k) Share capital

Share capital is issued in Pound Sterling ("GBP"). Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

#### (1) Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company carries out business activities in line with the transaction documents. They may delegate some or all of the day-to-day management of the business including the decisions to purchase and sell securities to other parties both internal and external to the Company. The decision of such parties are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure compliance with the policies and legal responsibilities of Directors. Therefore the Directors, as chief operating decision maker, retain full responsibility as to major allocation decisions of the Company.

The board of directors believe that each Series can be treated as a segment as the return on each Series is linked to a different metal. Furthermore, financial information reviewed by the board of directors is split out by Series and decisions are made on the basis of this information.

The split of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss by Series is shown in note 12 to the financial statements. Financial liabilities relate to ETC Securities. Details of the fair value movement by Series and the year end unit price by Series are included in note 12 which are the key measures of performance for each Series. There were no transactions between reportable segments during the year. All the entity-wide disclosures are covered in the Statement of financial position, Statement of comprehensive income and note 15(b).

## 4 Net fair value gain/(loss) on inventories

Year ended	Year ended
31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
EUR	EUR
86,919,946	(727,757,975)
86,919,946	(727,757,975)

Net fair va	lue gain/(lo	ss) on inv	entories
-------------	--------------	------------	----------

5	Net fair value (loss)/gain on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	Year ended	Year ended
•		31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
		EUR	EUR
	Net fair value (loss)/gain on ETC Securities	(86,919,946)	727,965,832
	146 141 1414 (1466), 541 141 141 141 141	(86,919,946)	727,965,832
		<del></del>	

#### 6 Other income

Other income relates to corporate benefits which are receivable from the Arranger, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch and represent the Company's profit as a result of entering into the Programme. No corporate benefits was received for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

7	Other expenses	Year ended	Year ended
•		31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
		EUR	EUR
	Amount paid to Metal Administrator	<u>*</u>	(207,857)
	A Misselli, page 10 Marini, a minimum and a	-	(207,857)

This is an amount paid to the Metal Administrator on redemption of Series 15 db Physical Gold SGD Hedged ETC that occurred during the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### 8 Taxation

The Company is not a regulated financial service company from a Jersey Income Tax perspective. Therefore, the Company is liable to Jersey Income Tax at 0%.

9	Cash and cash equivalents	31-Dec-14 EUR	31-Dec-13 EUR
	Cash at bank	2	2
	Cash at bank	2	2
	The Company's cash at bank is held with Elian Corporate Trustee (Jersey) Limited.		
10	Other receivables	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
		EUR	EUR
	Corporate benefit receivable due from Arranger	30,000	30,000
		30,000	30,000
11	Inventories held at fair value	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
	Inventories	EUR 1,655,948,151	EUR 1,594,872,060
	Movement in inventories	31-Dec-14 EUR	31-Dec-13 EUR
	And the least th	1,594,872,060	2,453,380,431
	At beginning of the year	612,892,882	923,875,368
	Additions during the year		(1,054,625,764)
	Disposals during the year	(638,736,737)	
	Net changes in fair value during the year	86,919,946	(727,757,975)
	At end of the year	1,655,948,151	1,594,872,060

12	Financial liabilities	designated at fair	value through profit or loss
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900	31-Dec	31-Dec-14		c-13
ETC Securities issued	Nominal units issued 18,624,000	Fair value Amount EUR 1,655,948,151	Nominal units issued 19,034,000	Fair value Amount EUR 1,594,872,060
Die bedines issued	10,02,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Movement in financial liabilities			31-Dec-14 EUR	31-Dec-13 EUR
At beginning of the year			1,594,872,060	2,453,380,431
Issue of financial liabilities during the year			612,892,882	923,875,368
Redemption of financial liabilities during the year			(638,736,737)	(1,054,417,907)
Net changes in fair value during the year		_	86,919,946	(727,965,832)
At end of year		_	1,655,948,151	1,594,872,060

The ETC Securities issued are listed on various exchanges, including London, Switzerland, Milan and Frankfurt. Refer to note 15 for a description of the key risks regarding the issue of these instruments.

The financial liabilities in issue at 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Series   db Physical Gold ETC					31-Dec-14	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-14
Series 2   db Physical Gold Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   4,815,000   92.64   446,047,578	Series	Description	CCY	Maturity			Fair value EUR
Hedged ETC   Series 3   db Physical Silver ETC   USD   15-Jun-60   275,000   156.42   35,556,687   Series 4   db Physical Silver Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   520,000   118.99   61,874,470   Hedged ETC   Series 5   db Physical Platinum ETC   USD   15-Jun-60   475,000   118.56   46,549,474   Series 6   db Physical Platinum Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   255,000   89.39   22,794,724   Hedged ETC   Series 7   db Physical Palladium   EUR   15-Jun-60   775,000   78.19   50,088,773   Series 8   db Physical Palladium   EUR   15-Jun-60   380,000   57.93   22,012,327   Euro Hedged ETC   EUR   15-Jun-60   2,905,000   97.63   283,603,141   (EUR)   Series 10   db Physical Silver ETC   EUR   15-Jun-60   405,000   128.81   52,166,242   (EUR)   Series 11   db Physical Rhodium ETC   USD   19-May-61   809,000   118.78   79,430,323   Series 12   db Physical Rhodium ETC   EUR   19-May-61   285,000   97.76   27,862,036   (EUR)   Series 13   db Physical Gold GBP   GBP   19-May-61   1,335,000   7.27   12,496,238   Hedged ETC   Series 14   db Physical Silver GBP   GBP   19-May-61   135,000   9.42   1,638,200   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Hedged ETC   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Series 16   db Physical Gold CHF   CHF   05-Dec-62   25,000   109.03   2,268,968   Series 16   db P	Series 1	db Physical Gold ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	5,230,000	118.33	511,558,970
Series 4   db Physical Silver Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   520,000   118.99   61,874,470	Series 2	•	EUR	15-Jun-60	4,815,000	92.64	446,047,578
Hedged ETC	Series 3	db Physical Silver ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	275,000	156.42	35,556,687
Series 6   db Physical Platinum Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   255,000   89.39   22,794,724	Series 4	_	EUR	15-Jun-60	520,000	118.99	61,874,470
Series 6   db Physical Platinum Euro   EUR   15-Jun-60   255,000   89.39   22,794,724	Series 5	db Physical Platinum ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	475,000	118.56	46,549,474
Series 8   db Physical Palladium   EUR   15-Jun-60   380,000   57.93   22,012,327	Series 6	db Physical Platinum Euro	EUR	15-Jun-60	255,000	89.39	22,794,724
Euro Hedged ETC  Series 9	Series 7	db Physical Palladium ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	775,000	78.19	50,088,773
Series 10   db Physical Silver ETC   EUR   15-Jun-60   405,000   128.81   52,166,242	Series 8		EUR	15-Jun-60	380,000	57.93	22,012,327
Series 10   db Physical Silver ETC   EUR   15-Jun-60   405,000   128.81   52,166,242	Series 9		EUR	15-Jun-60	2,905,000	97.63	283,603,141
Series 12   db Physical Rhodium ETC   EUR   19-May-61   285,000   97.76   27,862,036	Series 10	db Physical Silver ETC	EUR	15-Jun-60	405,000	128.81	52,166,242
(EUR)  Series 13	Series 11	db Physical Rhodium ETC	USD	19-May-61	809,000	118.78	79,430,323
Hedged ETC	Series 12	=	EUR	19-May-61	285,000	97.76	27,862,036
Hedged ETC Series 16 db Physical Gold CHF CHF 05-Dec-62 25,000 109.03 2,268,968 Hedged ETC	Series 13	•	GBP	19-May-61	1,335,000	7.27	12,496,238
Series 16         db Physical Gold CHF         CHF         05-Dec-62         25,000         109.03         2,268,968           Hedged ETC	Series 14		GBP	19-May-61	135,000	9.42	1,638,200
	Series 16	db Physical Gold CHF	CHF	05-Dec-62	25,000	109.03	2,268,968
				=	18,624,000	_	1,655,948,151

The financial liabilities in issue at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

				31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13
Series	Description	CCY	Maturity	Units outstanding	NAV per unit	Fair value
	_				(CCY)	EUR
Series 1	db Physical Gold ETC	USD	15-Jun <b>-</b> 60	4,500,000	118.90	389,365,984
Series 2	db Physical Gold Euro	EUR	15-Jun-60	5,105,000	93.67	478,194,401
	Hedged ETC					
Series 3	db Physical Silver ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	365,000	191.87	50,962,371
Series 4	db Physical Silver Euro	EUR	15-Jun-60	500,000	147.05	73,523,322
	Hedged ETC					

12	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (continue	d)
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I IIIAIICIOI III	abilities designated at fair value		,	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13
Series	Description	CCY	Maturity	Units outstanding	NAV per unit	Fair value
	-				(CCY)	EUR
Series 5	db Physical Platinum ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	585,000	133.67	56,903,022
Series 6	db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC	EUR	15-Jun-60	275,000	101.42	27,890,652
Series 7	db Physical Palladium ETC	USD	15-Jun-60	985,000	69.98	50,163,234
Series 8	db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC	EUR	15-Jun-60	200,000	52,14	10,428,122
Series 9	db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)	EUR	15-Jun-60	3,395,000	86.40	293,328,615
Series 10	db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)	EUR	15-Jun-60	545,000	139.50	76,025,251
Series 11	db Physical Rhodium ETC	USD	19-May-61	769,000	94.58	52,927,625
Series 12	db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)	EUR	19-May-61	275,000	68.66	18,881,747
Series 13	db Physical Gold GBP Hedged ETC	GBP	19-May-61	1,375,000	7.33	12,135,149
Series 14	db Physical Silver GBP Hedged ETC	GBP	19-May-61	135,000	11.61	1,887,612
Series 16	db Physical Gold CHF Hedged ETC	CHF	05-Dec-62		110.71	2,254,953
				19,034,000	=	1,594,872,060
Movement i	n fair values by Series for the year	r ended 31 Decembe	er 2014			
Series	Description	Opening	Issuances	•	Net changes in	Closing balance
		balance	31-Dec-14		fair values	31-Dec-14
		EUR	EUR		EUR	EUR
Series 1	db Physical Gold ETC	389,365,984	182,082,495		48,699,353	511,558,970
Series 2	db Physical Gold Euro Hedged ETC	478,194,401	178,340,539		(15,000,626)	446,047,578
Series 3	db Physical Silver ETC	50,962,371	5,890,947		(3,718,100)	35,556,687
Series 4	db Physical Silver Euro Hedged ETC	73,523,322	6,550,991		(15,143,734)	61,874,470
Series 5	db Physical Platinum ETC	56,903,022	49,006,338		(3,483,744)	46,549,474
Series 6	db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC	27,890,652	7,667,922		(3,715,998)	22,794,724
Series 7	db Physical Palladium ETC	50,163,234	27,792,543		13,305,869	50,088,773
Series 8	db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC	10,428,122	21,426,699		1,734,406	22,012,327
Series 9	db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)	293,328,615	94,279,597		34,307,250	283,603,141
Series 10	db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)	76,025,251	16,760,019		(4,941,220)	52,166,242
Series 11	db Physical Rhodium ETC	52,927,625	18,069,618		24,808,348	79,430,323
Series 12	db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)	18,881,747	5,025,174		9,575,600	27,862,036
Series 13	db Physical Gold GBP Hedged ETC	12,135,149		- (366,850)	727,939	12,496,238
Series 14	db Physical Silver GBP Hedged ETC	1,887,612			(249,412)	1,638,200
	1100800 210					
Series 16	db Physical Gold CHF Hedged ETC	2,254,953	612,892,88	2 (638,736,737)	14,015 86,919,946	2,268,968

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## Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2014

## 12 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (continued) Movement in fair values by Series for the year ended 31 December 2013

Series	Description	Opening	Issuances	Redemptions	Net changes in	Closing balance
		balance	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13	fair values	31-Dec-13
		EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Series 1	db Physical Gold ETC	310,470,619	273,698,537	(58,112,714)	(136,690,458)	389,365,984
Series 2	db Physical Gold Euro Hedged ETC	1,213,002,205	131,687,156	(562,553,427)	(303,941,533)	478,194,401
Series 3	db Physical Silver ETC	61,709,210	20,206,642	(6,567,736)	(24,385,745)	50,962,371
Series 4	db Physical Silver Euro Hedged ETC	97,684,472	34,606,815	(16,147,573)	(42,620,392)	73,523,322
Series 5	db Physical Platinum ETC	53,079,995	16,182,179	(3,611,997)	(8,747,155)	56,903,022
Series 6	db Physical Platinum Euro Hedged ETC	29,978,432	9,750,724	(8,036,714)	(3,801,790)	27,890,652
Series 7	db Physical Palladium ETC	37,721,390	18,508,270	(4,374,772)	(1,691,654)	50,163,234
Series 8	db Physical Palladium Euro Hedged ETC	12,474,904	6,876,122	(8,530,069)	(392,835)	10,428,122
Series 9	db Physical Gold ETC (EUR)	516,969,430	285,336,551	(360,856,038)	(148,121,328)	293,328,615
Series 10	db Physical Silver ETC (EUR)	44,949,740	82,369,901	(14,863,940)	(36,430,450)	76,025,251
Series 11	db Physical Rhodium ETC	25,306,832	35,603,634		(7,982,841)	52,927,625
Series 12	db Physical Rhodium ETC (EUR)	17,733,067	4,614,768	-	(3,466,088)	18,881,747
Series 13	db Physical Gold GBP Hedged ETC	25,037,178	2,289,396	(7,578,333)	(7,613,092)	12,135,149
Series 14	db Physical Silver GBP	1,668,574	1,181,149	(274,741)	(687,370)	1,887,612
	Hedged ETC db Physical Gold SGD	3,659,468	•	(2,909,853)	(749,615)	•
Series 15	Hedged ETC db Physical Gold CHF	1,934,915	963,524		(643,486)	2,254,953
Series 16	Hedged ETC	2,453,380,431	923,875,368	(1,054,417,907)	(727,965,832)	1,594,872,060
	=	2,433,360,431	923,673,000	(1,034,417,507)	(121,505,052)	1,554,672,000
Share capit	al – equity				31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
Authorised:					GBP	GBP
10,000 ordin	nary shares of GBP 1 each			:	10,000	10,000
Issued and f	fully paid hares of GBP 1 each				EUR 2	EUR
2 Oldmary Si	mates of ODF T each				2	2
				•		
As at 31 Dec	cember, the ordinary share capital	was held by the fol	lowing non-benefi	cial nominees:	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
					GBP	GBP
	nees (Jersey) Limited				1	1
Naile Nomin	nees (Jersey) Limited				1	1
					2	2

The authorised share capital of the Company is GBP 10,000. The nominees have no beneficial interest in and derives no benefit from its holding of the shares. There are no other rights that pertain to the shares and the shareholders.

#### Capital risk management

The Company views the share capital as its capital. The Company is a special purpose vehicle set up to issue ETC Securities for the purpose of making investments as defined under the programme memorandum and in each of the Series memorandum agreements. Share capital of GBP 2 was issued in line with Jersey Company Law and is not used for financing the investment activities of the Company. The Company is not subject to any other externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company can issue further series of ETC Securities to meet the demand of its investors.

#### Financial risk management

#### Risk management framework

The Company, and ultimately the holders of the ETC securities, have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- (a) Market risk;
- (b) Credit risk;
- (c) Liquidity and cash flow risk; and
- (d) Operational risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk comprises three types of risk; currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The ETC Securities holders are exposed to the market risk of the financial instruments.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financials instruments will fluctuate as a result of a change in interest rates. The ETC Securities do not bear interest. As such, the Company and ETC Securities holders have limited exposure to interest rate risk.

## Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk which arises where the assets and liabilities of the Company that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, those assets and liabilities being denominated in US Dollars (USD), Pound Sterling (GBP) and Swiss Franc (CHF).

The Company is not exposed to net currency risk since the foreign exchange movements in its financial liabilities will be offset by the foreign exchange movements in its inventories. Any net foreign currency risk is borne by the ETC security holders.

As at the reporting date, the carrying value of the Company's assets and liabilities held in individual foreign currencies were as follows:

31-Dec-14	USD EUR	GBP EUR	CHF EUR	Total EUR
Inventories held at fair value	723,184,227	14,134,438	2,268,968	739,587,633
Total assets	723,184,227	14,134,438	2,268,968	739,587,633
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through	(723,184,227)	(14,134,438)	(2,268,968)	(739,587,633)
profit or loss  Total liabilities	(723,184,227)	(14,134,438)	(2,268,968)	(739,587,633)
I Otal Habinetes				
Net exposure				
31-Dec-13	USD EUR	GBP EUR	CHF EUR	Total EUR
			<del></del>	
Inventories held at fair value	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Inventories held at fair value  Total assets  Financial liabilities designated at fair value through	EUR 600,322,235	<b>EUR</b> 14,022,759	EUR 2,254,954	<b>EUR</b> 616,599,948
Inventories held at fair value  Total assets	EUR 600,322,235 600,322,235	EUR 14,022,759 14,022,759	EUR 2,254,954 2,254,954	EUR 616,599,948 616,599,948

#### 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (ii) Currency risk (continued)

The following exchange rates have been applied during the year:

The following exchange rates have on	Average rate - y	ear ended	Closing rate	
	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
USD-EUR	0.77715	0.74285	0.82660	0.72770
GBP-EUR	1.24607	1.21811	1.28760	1.20453
CHF-EUR	0.82357	0.82137	0.83240	0.81474

The impact of changes in foreign exchange rates on the financial assets is offset by the impact of foreign exchange rate changes on the financial liabilities.

Therefore any change in the exchange rates would have no net effect on equity or the profit or loss of the Company.

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that changes in market prices of metals will affect the Company's income, expense, inventories and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. The Company's liabilities are exposed to the market prices of the metals. However, the risk is mitigated by holding the relevant quantities of inventory for each Series of ETC Securities issued. The ETC Security holders are exposed to the market price risk of their metal entitlement under the ETC Securities.

Any changes in the metal spot prices on the inventories held by the Company would not have any net effect on the equity or Statement of comprehensive income of the Company since changes in the fair value of inventories would be offset by corresponding changes in the fair value of the ETC Securities and as such any price risk is ultimately borne by the ETC Security holders.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of the financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and other receivables which represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13
	EUR	EUR
Other receivables	30,000	30,000
Cash and cash equivalents	2	2
Cash and cash equivalents	30,002	30,002

As at 31 December 2014, no financial assets carried at amortised cost were past due or impaired (2013:Nil). Assets that have been pledged as collateral for financial liabilities are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

The directors have also considered the credit risk and counterparty risk with JP Morgan and Johnson Matthey as sub-custodians of the inventories held by the Company given the significance of the inventories to the overall financial position of the Company. As at 31 December 2014, the Company held inventories with a fair value of EUR 1,655,948,151 (2013: EUR 1,594,872,060).

The directors engage an independent professional to carry out an annual review of the quantity and quality of the metal held by JP Morgan for the Company and based on the results of the review and overall credit ratings status of JP Morgan (2014: S&P A-I (2013: S&P A-I)), the directors are of the opinion that counterparty risk is acceptable.

Ultimately, all credit and counterparty risks associated with JP Morgan are borne by the ETC security holders.

The directors believe that the counterparty risk and credit risk exposure of the Company to the sub-custodian, Johnson Matthey, is not significant given that only approximately 7% (2013: 4%) of the total value of inventories are held with this sub-custodian.

## 15 Financial risk management (continued)

## (b) Credit risk (continued)

Concentration risk

At the reporting date, the Company's financial assets held at fair value were concentrated in the following asset types and geographical location:

By industry Types of collaterals Investment in Metals (Inventories)	31-Dec-14 % 100 100	31-Dec-13 % 100 100
By Geographical location Country of origin United Kingdom	31-Dec-14 % 100	31-Dec-13 % 100 100

#### Other receivables

Other receivables is mainly corporate benefit receivable by the Company at the year end from Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch. The credit ratings of Deutsche Bank AG, London are as follows:

	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-14		31-Dec-13	
	Short term Long term ratings		Short term	Long term	
	ratings		ratings	ratings	
Moody	P-2	A3	P-1	A2	
Standard & Poor's	A-1	Α	A-1	Α	
Fitch	F1+	A+	F1+	A+	

#### (c) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Company limits its exposure to liquidity risk through the purchase of inventory. All liquidity risk associated with the inventories are ultimately borne by the ETC Securities holders.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 31 December 2014:

31-Dec-14	Carrying Gross amount contractual cash flows		Less than one year	
	EUR	EUR	EUR	
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	(1,655,948,151) (1,655,948,151)		(1,655,948,151) (1,655,948,151)	

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 31 December 2013:

31-Dec-13	Carrying	Gross	Less than one
J1-500 10	amount	year	
		flows	
	EUR	EUR	EUR
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)
I maneral machines designated at the table and the	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)

Due to the fact that the ETC Securities holders have the option to redeem the securities before the maturity date, the financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss have been classified as due in less than one year.

The carrying amount and the gross contractual cashflows are equal to the fair value of each liability as stated in the Statement of financial position.

#### 15 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Company's processes and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, markets and liquidity issues such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour.

Operational risks arise from all of the Company's operations. The Company was incorporated with the purpose of engaging in those activities outlined in note 1. All administration functions are outsourced to Deutsche International Corporate Services Limited. Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch acts as the Company's authorised participant, arranger, issuing and paying agent.

#### 16 Fair values

The Company's inventories and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value in the Statement of financial position.

The Company's accounting policy on fair value measurement for inventory is disclosed in note 3(f) of the financial statements. The Company's accounting policy on fair value measurement of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is disclosed in note 3(g). The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Quoted market price in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date that would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

Transfers between levels are determined based on changes to the significant inputs used in their fair value measurement. The directors evaluate whether significant inputs to the valuation models are observable at the year end in making a decision to transfer a valuation from one level to another.

The Company determines the effective date of transfer at the beginning of the reporting period.

The Company does not have any financial instruments at Level 1 or Level 3, nor have there been any transfers between any of the categories.

At 31 December 2014, the carrying amounts of inventories and financial liabilities issued by the Company are as follows:

		31-Dec	:-14	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	Quoted price in active market	Valuation technique observable parameters	Valuation technique unobservable parameters	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
	-	1,655,948,151	-	1,655,948,151
r	•	(1,655,948,151)	-	(1,655,948,151)
	-		•	

Inventories held at fair value
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Fair values (continued)	31-Dec-13			
'	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	•
	Quoted price in active market	Valuation technique observable parameters	Valuation technique unobservable parameters	Total
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Inventories held at fair value	-	1,594,872,060	-	1,594,872,060
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or	-	(1,594,872,060)	-	(1,594,872,060)
loss	-	120	3¥0	

Although the directors believe that their estimates of fair value are appropriate, the use of different methodologies or assumptions could lead to different measurements of fair value as fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instrument.

#### Classification of financial instruments

At fair value Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	value	value	value	value
	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-13
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
	(1,655,948,151)	(1,655,948,151)	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)
loss	(1,655,948,151)	(1,655,948,151)	(1,594,872,060)	(1,594,872,060)
At amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	2	2	2	2
	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
	30,002	30,002	30,002	30,002

#### **Related Party Transactions** 18

Elian Corporate Director 3 Limited (Formerly Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 3 Limited) and Elian Corporate Director 4 Limited (Formerly Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 4 Limited) act solely in the capacity as directors of Jersey companies, pursuant to the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991, as amended. Elian Corporate Director (Jersey) 3 Limited changed its name from Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 3 Limited, and Elian Corporate Director (Jersey) 4 Limited changed its name from Ogier Corporate Director (Jersey) 4 Limited on 26 September 2014. Subsequent to this, Elian Corporate Director (Jersey) 3 Limited was renamed as Elian Corporate Director 3 Limited, and Elian Corporate Director (Jersey) 4 Limited was renamed as Elian Corporate Director 4 Limited with effect from 15 April 2015. Both are part of the Elian group of companies. No fee was charged or paid to the Elian Group during the year under review by the Company for the provision of directors. As disclosed in note 3(d), most expenses of the Company are borne by the Arranger, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, including fees paid to Elian.

Carl McConnell, acting as director for the Company is an employee of Deutsche Bank International Limited. Deutsche International Corporate Services Limited, which acts as administrator to the Company, is a subsidiary of Deutsche Bank International Limited and is part of Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch.

As at 31 December 2014, corporate benefit fees amounting to EUR 30,000 (2013: EUR 30,000) were receivable from Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch.

Product fees incurred for the year ended 31 December 2014 due to Deutsche Bank AG in its capacity as Arranger amounted to EUR 9,565,644 (2013: EUR 9,555,030). No amount was payable as at 31 December 2014 (2013: EUR Nil).

As at 31 December 2014, the number of ETC Securities held by Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, as authorised participant was 1,688,239 units (EUR 114,533,726) (2013: 2,334,058 units (EUR 162,623,826)).

#### Ultimate controlling party

The directors of the Company consider Elian Corporate Trustee (Jersey) Limited (formerly Ogier Corporate Trustee (Jersey) Limited) as trustee of the db ETC Charitable Trust (the beneficial owner of the issued share capital of the Company) to be the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

## 20 Key management personnel

The key management personnel has been identified as being the directors of the Company.

Carl McConnell is an employee of Deutsche Bank International Limited during the year ended 31 December 2014. His emoluments are paid by Deutsche Bank International Limited and other related entities and no re-charge is made to the Company. It is therefore not possible to make a reasonable apportionment of his emoluments in respect of the Company.

## 21 Subsequent events

There has been no significant events that requires disclosure to the financial statements since the year end and up to the date of approving the financial statements.